Use this guide to walk through a research session at www.lexis.com and familiarize yourself with the simple steps for signing in, selecting sources, retrieving documents, and delivering search results. Also learn to use Shepard’s® Citations Service, update your results automatically with LexisNexis® Alerts, and much more.

lexis.com® Quick Reference Guide
Basic steps in a LexisNexis® research session

Here’s some of what’s covered in this guide:

- Finding the source you need .................. 3 – 4
- Retrieving one or more specific documents . 5 – 6
- Shepardizing™ one or more cases
  or statutes .................................... 6 – 7
- Searching reliable legal Web sites ............ 8
- Creating different types of search requests .. 9 – 10
- Completing search forms ........................ 10 – 11
- Viewing your search results ................... 12 – 13
- Refining your search results ................... 13 – 14
- Updating your search results .................. 14 – 15
- Delivering your search results ................ 16
Signing In
1. Establish an Internet connection and go to www.lexis.com.
2. At the sign-in screen (shown below), enter your LexisNexis® ID or Custom ID in the ID box.
3. Enter your password in the Password box.
4. Click Sign In.
5. Enter your Client ID, if prompted.

Note: If you lose or forget your ID, please call 800.543.6862.

Working from the main lexis.com® screen
A Use the easy main source-selection hierarchy.
B Go quickly to various means of retrieving a specific document.
C Go directly to all Shepard’s Citations Service options.
D Get quick access to related LexisNexis® products and services.
E Rerun a search from a previous session or resume interrupted research.
F Go directly to your saved Alerts and results.
G Access and select from your most recent 20 sources.
H Perform these common research tasks right from the main screen.
I Use this simple search method with easy source selection.
J Compile a thorough overview of a legal topic, pinpoint relevant case annotations, or build U.S. federal and state case digests.
K Access practice-area-specific pages that pull together valuable resources on one screen page.

On other screens, the right side of the screen may offer other relevant research options. For example, if you’re viewing bankruptcy sources, you might see “Search by Bankruptcy Task” and “Pending Bankruptcy Legislation” sections.
Selecting Sources
Get the results you want by selecting specific sources from our unparalleled collection. (Also see “Pricing Information” section on page 4.)

Surface the Practice Area or Jurisdictional Content You Need Most by Customizing Your Tabs
You can add Search subtabs to your main lexis.com page (up to 18 subtabs total). Choose from 60 practice areas (from Accounting to Workers’ Compensation), 56 jurisdictions (all 50 U.S. states, combined states, District of Columbia, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and Virgin Islands), and three specialized search tabs (By Topic or Headnote, By Guided Search Form, and By Dot Command).

To add a subtab for sources or tasks you use frequently:
1. Click +Add/Edit Subtabs in the far-right section of the subtab bar.
2. Indicate your choices by clicking the appropriate checkboxes.
3. Click the Next button.
4. Customize your subtabs—change the default subtab or change the order of your subtabs—by highlighting the name of the subtab and clicking Set as Default, Move Up, or Move Down and clicking the Set button.

Recently Used Sources
The lexis.com service saves your most recent 20 selected sources. Just click the pull-down list in the Recently Used Sources section on the right side of the screen to view the last 20 sources you’ve used and make a selection.

You can retain or delete sources from this list. Click the Edit Sources link and then:
- To retain a source in the list, click the checkbox next to the source name and click the Set button.
- To delete a source from the list, click the Delete link next to the source name and click the OK button in the pop-up box. Then click the Set button.

Find a Source
Find a source by using key words
1. Enter a full or partial source name (such as wall street journal) or a subject (such as oil spill) in the search box in the Quick Tools section on the right side of the screen.
2. Click the Find a Source button.
3. View the list of sources retrieved—they appear in order by relevance.
4. Click the source you wish to search (or click checkboxes and then the Combine Sources button to select multiple sources).

Tip:
You can also click on the pull-down menu at the Search tab or under Option 1 on the Find a Source subtab under the Search tab (see screen below).

Find a source by using an alphabetic list
1. Click either the Find a Source subtab under the Search tab OR the Find a Source button in the Quick Tools section on the right side of the screen.
2. Click any of the letters displayed under Option 2: Browse Alphabetically (see screen above).
3. View the list of sources beginning with that letter.
4. Click the source you wish to search.

Find a source by using the source hierarchy
1. Select any of the default search subtabs—Legal, News & Business, or Public Records—or any custom search subtab that you’ve added (such as Labor & Employment). (See the “Surface the Practice Area or Jurisdictional Content You Need Most by Customizing Your Subtabs” section above left.)
2. Click a source category (such as Find Statutes & Regulations).
3. Click the source you wish to search (such as State Codes, Constitutions, Court Rules & ALS, Combined).

Tips:
To select more than one source, click the checkbox next to each source name (you can move between menu pages to select sources if you wish). Then click the Combine Sources button. The combined source set you create will be saved in your Recently Used Sources list for later use. (Please see “Pricing Information” section on page 4.)

As you click through the levels of the source hierarchy, lexis.com creates a “trail” showing your path and displays it in the top-left section of the screen. To return to any previous level, just click on the name of that level.
Practice Area/Jurisdictional Sources

Specialized lexis.com practice-area or jurisdictional pages highlight relevant practice-area and jurisdictional content and tools.

Find sources relevant to a particular practice area:
1. Select the Search tab.
2. Select the Legal tab.
3. Click the Area of Law – By Topic link.
4. Select from 60 practice areas—Accounting to Workers’ Compensation—to view relevant sources.

Find sources relevant to a particular jurisdiction:
1. Select the Search tab.
2. Select the Legal tab.
3. Click the States Legal – U.S. link.
4. Select from 56 jurisdictions—50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, and Combined States—to view relevant sources.

Pricing Information

Depending on your subscription, some sources may be provided at a separate charge. This is indicated by a $ next to the source name.

To view pricing information for such a source:
- Click on the $ next to the source name
- Click on the i, which shows you the source description, and scroll to the end

Additional Resources (found under the More tab)

Get quick access to related products and services. Just click the More tab and find links to:
- LexisNexis® Verdict & Settlement Analyzer—helps you see the likely outcome of your new case and consider the risks and opportunities so you can recommend settlement, consider trial, or perhaps pass on the matter entirely
- Lexis® Transactional Advisor—provides, through more than a dozen topical and practice area centers, resources to accomplish the major stages of your work process, including assessing new matters, analyzing issues, advising clients, and acting on strategy
- LexisNexis® Analyzer—gives you quick, easy access to critical information about judges, attorneys, expert witnesses, arbitrators, and companies
- LexisNexis® Total Litigator—designed around your workflow (early case assessment, drafting/filing/serving, discovery, legal research, gathering intelligence, trial prep, staying current), this task-based research platform suggests appropriate resources based on the task you choose
- LexisNexis® Full Service Expert Witness Search powered by IDEX®—benefit from a search of more than one million revealing documents, including resumes, authored articles, jury awards, settlement amounts, depositions, full-text testimony transcripts, Daubert challenges, and more
- LexisNexis® Tax Center—take advantage of an easy-to-use tax-specific interface that streamlines your tax research and helps you provide the most comprehensive and accurate tax advice to your clients
- TotalPatent™—get access to a comprehensive collection of patent information through a single platform that combines first-level data coverage with user-friendly design and powerful search functionality, including transparent and controllable semantic analysis
- Counsel Selector—take advantage of the power of martindale.com® when you need to find lawyers or law firms
- And more

Setting Your Preferences

You can customize your lexis.com searching experience to meet your specific research needs. (See callout information on page 5.)
Preference options include the ability to choose the following (refer to screen on page 4):

- Your starting location
- Natural Language search options
- Search editing options
- Search results display options related to the FOCUS™ bar, toolbar, navigation frame, pagination, tables of contents, and more
- Search history options
- Shepard’s display and document delivery

To change your preferences:
1. Click the Preferences link in the top-right portion of the screen to display the Preferences screen.
2. Select the General or Shepard’s subtab.
3. Click the appropriate checkboxes and make selections from the pull-down lists.
4. Click the Set button.

**Tip:**
You can also add Search subtabs to your main lexis.com page (see “Surface the Practice Area or Jurisdictional Content You Need Most by Customizing Your Subtabs” section on page 3).

---

**Frequent Research Tasks**
You can perform a number of common research tasks right from the main lexis.com screen.

**Retrieve a Specific Document**
Retrieve individual full-text documents—cases, U.S. federal and state statutes, agency decisions, law review articles, treatise sections, and more—with Get a Document. You can use citations, party names, or docket numbers.

**Get a Document by Citation**
Retrieve the full text of a case, statute, law review, treatise, etc., when you know the citation:
1. Enter the citation (800 f2d 111, for example) in the Quick Tools search box.
2. Click the Get a Doc button.

**Tips:**
You can also select the Get a Document tab and then select the By Citation subtab.

Within the By Citation subtab, you can get help with a citation format by clicking the Citation Formats link. Just enter a publication name or review an alphabetic list of publication names.

**Get a Document by Party Name**
Retrieve the full text of a case, docket, brief, etc., when you know the name of at least one party:
1. Click the drop-down menu at the Get a Document tab (next to the Search tab).
2. Select By Party Name.
3. Choose Case Law, Federal Dockets, or Briefs, Motions, Pleadings & Verdicts.
4. Enter party name(s) (mcneil and economics laboratory, for example) in the box(es).
5. Select a jurisdiction (US Courts of Appeals, for example), court (7th Circuit, for example), and/or source (and restrict by date, if you choose).
6. Click the Search button.
Get a Document by Docket Number
Retrieve the full text of a case, docket, brief, etc., when you know the docket number:
1. Click the drop-down menu at the Get a Document tab (next to the Search tab).
2. Select By Docket Number.
3. Choose Case Law or Federal Dockets.
4. Enter the docket number (85-1332, for example).
5. Select a jurisdiction (US Courts of Appeals, for example), court (7th Circuit, for example), and/or source (and restrict by date, if you choose).
6. Click the Search button.

Retrieve and Print Multiple Documents
All it takes is a single request from a single screen (shown below). Here’s how:
1. Click the drop-down menu at the Get a Document tab.
2. Click the Get & Print link.
3. Enter your LexisNexis ID and password, if prompted.
4. Enter your citations.
5. Make your selections for type of document (full-text documents and/or Shepard’s reports) and delivery (browser, printer, download, or e-mail).
6. Click the Get button.

Shepardize® Documents
Is your authority still good law? Verify a case, statute section, regulation, and much more. Shepard’s Citations Service also shows you cases and other authorities that have cited your case.

Shepardize a Single Document
1. Enter the citation (800 f2d 111, for example) in the Quick Tools box.
2. Click the Shepardize button.

Shepardize Multiple Documents
All it takes is a single request from a single screen (shown at left). Here’s how:
1. Click the drop-down menu at the Shepard’s tab.
2. Click the Get & Print link.
3. Enter your LexisNexis ID and password, if prompted.
4. Enter your citations.
5. Make your selections for type of document (Shepard’s reports) and delivery (browser, printer, download, or e-mail).
6. Click the Get button.

Tip: You can also select the Shepard’s tab.

Shepardize Multiple Documents
All it takes is a single request from a single screen (shown at left). Here’s how:
1. Click the drop-down menu at the Shepard’s tab.
2. Click the Get & Print link.
3. Enter your LexisNexis ID and password, if prompted.
4. Enter your citations.
5. Make your selections for type of document (Shepard’s reports) and delivery (browser, printer, download, or e-mail).
6. Click the Get button.

Tip:
From the Get & Print screen (shown at left), you can retrieve and print documents and their Shepard’s reports—all with a single request. Just follow the steps as indicated in the “Retrieve and Print Multiple Documents” and “Shepardize Multiple Documents” sections, making sure to click both the Retrieve Full Text of Citations and Shepardize these Citations links.
Shepard’s Signal™ indicators show that the McNeil ruling has strong negative treatment in its subsequent history.

The Shepard’s Summary condenses your report and shows why your case or statute received its Shepard’s Signal indicator.

Find LexisNexis headnote references (“HN16 (61)” means Headnote 16 of your case has been referenced 61 times in citing cases) and click to go directly to the first citing reference.

Link to vital references—including law reviews, statutes, treatises, court documents.

Click on the citation to view the full text of the document you Shepardized™.

Click on a treatment phrase (such as “Followed by”) to get a detailed definition of that phrase—or you can click on the Legend link in the lower navigation bar to get a complete list with definitions.

Click a pinpoint page number to go to that page within the reference—from there you can click on the headnote number to the portion of the citing case where that headnote is discussed.

Shepard’s Table of Authorities (TOA) identifies the cases your case cited and includes Shepard’s Signal indicators to point out the case’s treatment by other courts.

Click to display or hide your citing references’ Shepard’s Signal indicators, pinpoint page numbers and headnote references.

Click to customize your report—restrict by specific treatments, headnotes, jurisdictions, or dates or find vital point of law or fact patterns within references.

Select a treatment, jurisdiction, or LexisNexis headnote from the pull-down list and go.
Search Web Sources (Lexis® Web)

Lexis Web is a legal-specific search engine offering free Web content from legal Web sites validated by LexisNexis attorney editors. It provides powerful navigation tools to help you search for legal resources on the Web and at lexis.com and achieve a more productive research session. You’ll get access to content from thousands of Web sites and millions of Web pages, including:

- Governmental agency information—federal, state, and local levels
- Informal commentary on legal issues, such as blogs specifically for lawyers and legal professionals
- General Web information about legal topics

To perform a search:
1. Enter your search words (original work of authorship, for example) in the Quick Tools Search box.
2. Click the Lexis Web button.

Lexis Web categorizes your search results automatically and allows you to filter by topic, practice area, jurisdiction, site type, topic, and more.

Lexis® Quick Search

It’s a simple search method with easier source selection. Select jurisdictions, practice areas, and source categories and let Lexis Quick Search compile a list of relevant sources for your search:

1. Select a jurisdiction from the pull-down list in the Quick Search section of the main lexis.com screen (click the Select Multiple link if you want to choose more than one jurisdiction).
2. Select a practice area from the next pull-down list (click the Select Multiple link if you want to choose more than one practice area).
3. Choose your source categories.
4. Click the Next button.
5. Enter your search words in the Search Terms box.
6. Select your sources from the compiled list.
7. Click the Search button.

Tip:
You may see suggested sources that are not part of your subscription. Please see “Pricing Information” section on page 4.

Tips:
To see recommended documents from lexis.com, look under the lexis.com Content heading. Click any of the links to go to a document of interest.

You can also reach the Lexis Web option by clicking on the More tab near the top of the screen and then clicking on the Lexis Web link.
General Searching

A few basic notes:

- A term or word is any series of letters or numbers with a space on either side (contract or $1,234, for example).
- Singular, possessive, and plural forms are found automatically, if the plural or possessive ends with s, ‘s, es, or ies.
- Some common equivalents are found (cal finds Calif and California, for example).
- A hyphen is read as a space.
- Use the @ symbol for the section symbol used in citations (Section 305 = @ 305 or @305).

Types of Searching

Using Terms and Connectors

Terms and Connectors searching (Boolean search logic) uses words and connectors to create phrases and concepts. Here’s an example of a Terms and Connectors search: drug /15 test! OR screen! /10 employ!

Universal characters replace letters in your search terms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHARACTER</th>
<th>EXAMPLE</th>
<th>EXPLANATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>!</td>
<td>litigat! finds litigation, litigate, litigator</td>
<td>Replaces any number of letters after a word root—use only one ! per word at the end of the word</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>*</td>
<td>wom*n finds woman or women</td>
<td>Replaces one letter in a word—you can use more than one * in a word, anywhere except as the first letter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>bank*** finds banked or banking, but not bankruptcy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Connectors establish a logical connection among search terms, operating left to right in this order:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONNECTOR</th>
<th>EXAMPLE</th>
<th>EXPLANATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OR</td>
<td>doctor OR physician</td>
<td>Finds documents containing any of the terms or phrases connected by OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/n</td>
<td>market /5 share</td>
<td>Finds two search words in the same document within n words of each other (n = any number from 1 to 255)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/s</td>
<td>circumstances /s mitigating</td>
<td>Finds words in the same sentence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/p</td>
<td>rule /p sanction</td>
<td>Finds words in the same paragraph</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AND</td>
<td>bank! AND deregulat!</td>
<td>Finds documents containing all terms or phrases connected by AND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRE/n</td>
<td>cable PRE/2tv OR television</td>
<td>Finds documents in which the first word precedes the second within the specified number of words</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tip: The connectors /s and /p cannot be used with the connector /n.

Precision search commands help you form even more precise search requests:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMAND</th>
<th>EXAMPLE</th>
<th>EXPLANATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>atleastn</td>
<td>atleast10 (cercla)</td>
<td>Finds documents that mention your term (CERCLA, for example) at least n times: searches for documents with significant coverage of your topic. Use any number from 1 to 255.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>allcaps</td>
<td>allcaps (aids)</td>
<td>Finds words in all capital letters (AIDS and not aids, for example)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>nocaps</td>
<td>nocaps (aid)</td>
<td>Finds words that include no capital letters (aid or aids, but not AIDS, for example)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>caps</td>
<td>caps (jobs)</td>
<td>Finds words that are initial-capped (Jobs [as in Steve], but not jobs [as in jobs market], for example)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>plural</td>
<td>plural (jobs)</td>
<td>Finds plural forms only (Jobs [as in Steve] and jobs [as in jobs market], but not job [as in job creation], for example)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>singular</td>
<td>singular (job) /5 discrimination</td>
<td>Finds singular form only</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Segments help you restrict your search to specific parts, or segments, of documents, such as the headline of a news article or the heading of a case:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SEGMENT</th>
<th>EXAMPLE</th>
<th>EXPLANATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NAME</td>
<td>name (roe AND wade)</td>
<td>Finds all cases in which a particular person or entity was a party</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WRITTENBY</td>
<td>writtenby (scalio)</td>
<td>Finds all decisions—majority, concurring, and dissenting—written by a particular judge</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>date is 3/31/2005</td>
<td>Finds documents issued on, before, or after the specified date, or within a specified date range</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>date bef 4/1/2005</td>
<td>Finds decisions—majority, concurring, and dissenting—published up to (and including) the specified date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>date aft 3/30/2005</td>
<td>Finds decisions—majority, concurring, and dissenting—published after the specified date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE</td>
<td>date aft 3/30/2005 AND date bef 7/1/2005</td>
<td>Finds decisions—majority, concurring, and dissenting—published between the specified dates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEADLINE</td>
<td>headline (oil /5 spill!)</td>
<td>Finds articles with your search terms in the headline</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tip: You can choose segments relevant to any source from the pull-down list on the search form. (See the “Using the Basic Search Form” section on page 10.)
Using Natural Language
Natural Language searching uses “plain English” questions or phrases. Here’s an example of a Natural Language search: Can employment drug screening be a contract arbitration issue? Use Natural Language to research conceptual issues rather than specific topics or when you’re searching complex issues and are unsure of the words to use. Your search results will appear ranked by relevance.

Using Easy Search™
The Easy Search feature lets you enter search terms to run a quick search. You need not use any particular search syntax (either Terms and Connectors or Natural Language), but if you do, the LexisNexis services can detect which type of search to perform. You can use quotation marks for phrase searching. When you use the Easy Search feature, up to 250 documents will display in an expanded Cite view, with your search terms in bold.

Search Forms
Using the Basic Search Form

To submit your search:
1. Select a source (or combination of sources).
2. Optional: Click any of the checkboxes under the “Broaden this search with additional sources” heading to choose sources related to the one(s) you selected (this option does not appear for every source).
3. Click the type of search you’d like to perform—either Terms & Connectors, Natural Language, or Easy Search.
4. Enter your search in the box (see the “Using Terms & Connectors” section on page 9 and the “Using Natural Language” section above for more details)—if you choose, you can then click the Suggest terms for my search link to see additional terms you may wish to incorporate.
5. Depending on the type of search you selected, you have additional options:
   – For a Terms & Connectors search, you can search for terms in specific parts, or segments, of documents and restrict by date
   – For a Natural Language search, you can specify mandatory terms and restrict by date
6. Click the Search button.

Using the Guided Search Form
To submit your search:
1. Select Guided Search Form from the pull-down list on the Search tab.
2. Choose the form you wish to use (such as Cases, Codes, News, Company, etc.).
3. Indicate your search requirements—each Guided Search Form may have different options, as appropriate, such as:
   – Search terms
   – Sources, as appropriate for the form you chose
   – Date restrictions
   – Area of law
   – Name(s)
4. Click the Search button.
LexisNexis Search by Topic or Headnote

Compile a thorough overview of any of thousands of legal topics, pinpoint relevant case annotations or build U.S. federal and state case digests.

LexisNexis Search by Topic

Need an overview on a topic or area of law? LexisNexis Search by Topic pulls together all of the relevant materials you need—cases; Matthew Bender® treatises; checklists; forms; LexisNexis Briefs, Pleadings & Motions; and more—in one search. If the source is listed on the search form, you know your topic is discussed.

To create an overview:
1. Click the pull-down list from the Search tab and select the Topic or Headnote link.
2. Choose a topic:
   – Enter key words (doctrine equivalents, for example) in the Option 1: Find a Legal Topic box
   – Click the Find button
   – Click your choice in the topic list (Ordinary Skill, for example)
   OR
   – Browse the 40+ topics you’ll see under the Option 2: Explore Legal Topics box, drilling down to find the precise topic you need (for example, click Patent Law, expand Infringement Actions, expand Doctrine of Equivalents, expand Elements, and select Ordinary Skill)
3. Build your search by making selections under Option 1 – Search across Sources (see screen below):
   – Jurisdiction—choose federal, all states, a specific state, etc., or click the Select Multiple link and choose the federal/state combination that fits your needs
   – Sources—click the Select Sources button and choose from the list of relevant materials which have been compiled based on your topic and jurisdiction
   – Search Terms (Optional)—choose Terms and Connectors or Natural Language searching and add terms to refine your research
4. Click the Search button.

LexisNexis Search by Headnote

Build a case digest on the fly! Choose your topic and, in one step, Search by Headnote generates a summary list of relevant and current cases on any legal issue, including emerging legal issues. And it adds in-depth case discussions on your topic.

To create a case digest:
1. Click the pull-down list from the Search tab and select the Topic or Headnote link.
2. Choose a topic:
   – Enter key words (doctrine of equivalents, for example) in the Option 1: Find a Legal Topic box
   – Click the Find button
   – Click your choice in the topic list (Ordinary Skill, for example)
   OR
   – Browse the 40+ topics you’ll see under the Option 2: Explore Legal Topics box, drilling down to find the precise topic you need (for example, click Patent Law, expand Infringement Actions, expand Doctrine of Equivalents, expand Elements, and select Ordinary Skill)
3. Build your search by making selections under Option 2 – Search by Headnote (see screen below):
   – Make a selection from the pull-down Jurisdiction list (Patent Cases from Federal Courts, for example)
   – Choose date restrictions (optional)
4. Click the Retrieve All button.

Tip:
On many lexis.com source selection screens, you can also use the Search by Topic or Headnote box on the right side of the screen to begin the Search by Headnote process.
Viewing Your Search Results

Display Formats

- **Cite**—displays a bibliographic list of the citations
- **KWIC**—displays a 25-word window of text around your search words (you can change the size of the window of text by clicking the KWIC link, clicking the KWIC±25 link, entering a number from 1 to 999, and clicking the OK button
- **Full**—displays the full text of your document
- **Custom**—displays only the document parts (segments) you want to view; just click the Custom link, select the segments you wish to view, and click the OK button

Some highlights of what you’ll see in a cite list of cases:

- **Cite List Overview**—provides a summary of the case’s legal issues to help you determine quickly which documents are relevant.
- **Core Terms**—provide a snapshot view of the case.
- **Show Hits**—displays each sentence where one of your search words appears.
- **Checkboxes**—lets you select the cases you want to print, download, or use for a FOCUS search.
- **Shepard’s Signal indicator**—click on an indicator to Shepardize that case.

Tabbed Results Sets

If you combine sources, your results will appear in the form of a Summary Results page, offering up to 12 tabs by source type (such as case law, statutes, regulations, news, etc.). From the Summary Results page, you can:

- Click any tab, or any of the links in the **Category** column, to view all the results in that category
- Click any of the links in the **Sources** column to show the results from that source
- Rest your cursor on any tab’s red arrow and a pop-up window will show you the document results types available for that tab

For easy navigation, your results tabs stay near the top of the screen as you browse documents.
LexisNexis® Related Content

The Related Content pane brings together all the related documents for the case you’re viewing so they’re readily available to you—with your having to search for them. You get convenient access to additional information about the case you’re viewing to enhance your understanding of: the impact of the case, the arguments to support the case, or the impact of various issues found within the case. Related Content appears in a left-side navigation pane.

Related Content features:

A. The LexisNexis Related Content pane displays automatically
B. The Case File link lets you print or download a list of all documents related to the case that are available at lexis.com
C. The Prior and Subsequent Proceedings section helps you track the entire lifecycle of the case without running separate searches
D. The Filings section shows you motions and pleadings associated with the case
E. The Issue Analysis section gives you access to an exclusive combination of analytical resources
F. The Outline section allows you to navigate through sections of the case you’re viewing
G. As you use the forward and back arrows to view other documents in your search results, the Related Content pane updates to display related items for each document

Refining Your Search Results

Narrow Your Search Results with the FOCUS Feature

Use the FOCUS feature to pinpoint words within your search results—even if those words were not part of your original search request. It narrows your results, delivering a subset of those documents while retaining your original search and results, and highlights your added search terms in your FOCUS results for easy viewing.

To perform a FOCUS search:

1. Review your original search results.
   (NOTE: If you wish to run your FOCUS search against only selected documents in your results, indicate those documents by clicking the checkboxes on the left side of the screen and choose Selected Documents from the Search Within pull-down list near the top of the screen.)
2. Enter additional search terms in the FOCUS Terms box near the top of the screen.
3. Click the Go button.

To return to your original results, click the Exit FOCUS™ link near the top of the screen.

Tips:
If you are viewing tabbed search results, you cannot select documents for a FOCUS request from the All Results tab. Select a category or a source first, then select documents.

The FOCUS feature is not available in some circumstances (in Book Browse mode, for example).
Find Cases with Similar LexisNexis Headnotes

Have you found an on-point decision with a relevant LexisNexis Headnote? Finding decisions with similar headnotes could help you make your case. Here’s a quick way to search for them:

1. Click the More Like This Headnote link that appears at the end of the relevant headnote.
2. Choose a jurisdiction (the one you were just searching is the default) and restrict by date (if you wish).
3. Click the Search button.

You’ll retrieve up to 250 cases with the most closely matched headnotes or case discussions, ranked by relevance.

Updating Your Search Results

Use LexisNexis Alerts to get regular research updates without re-entering your search. Click on the Alerts icon in the top-right section of the screen.

LexisNexis Alerts

Follow any research issue—legal, news, legislative/political, and more—on a regular basis. You can receive updates on a monthly, weekly, business daily, or daily basis—even up to three times per day.

Once you’ve run your search and reviewed your results:

1. Click the Save As Alert link at the top of the results screen (you can save a search for update even if that search retrieved no documents) and the Save LexisNexis® Alert screen will appear.
2. Name your saved search.
3. Select your update frequency:
   - Monthly (choose date and time of day)
   - Weekly (choose day of week and time of day)
   - Every business day (choose one, two, or three times per day)
   - Every day (choose one, two, or three times per day)
4. Set your delivery and notification options:
   - Click the Online only or E-mail radio button and click the corresponding option links to indicate your preferences
   - Select the appropriate checkboxes if you want to: be notified via e-mail when your search does not retrieve new documents; exclude any duplicate documents; or be notified via e-mail each time your search retrieves new documents— as opposed to a specific frequency
5. Click the Save button.

Each time your search is updated, you receive only new items.

You can find a list of all your stored LexisNexis Alert searches by clicking the Alerts icon in the top-right section of the screen and then the Alerts tab. From here, you can:

- Edit a saved search
- Update a saved search on the spot
- Delete a saved search
- Run a FOCUS search on the most recent search results
- Review current and previous search results
**Shepard's Alerts® Program**

Get regular updates on citing authorities that could potentially affect the validity of your case and on pending or recently enacted legislation that could affect the validity of your statute.

1. Get to the **Set Up Shepard’s Alert** setup screen (shown below):
   - If you’re viewing a Shepard’s report, just click on the **Save As Shepard’s Alert®** link at the top of the screen
   - Click the **Shepard’s** tab near the top of the screen, enter a citation, and click the **Set up Shepard’s Alert** link
   - Click the **Alerts** icon in the top-right section of the screen, click the **Shepard’s Alert** tab, enter a citation and click the **Set Up** button

2. Name your Shepard’s update search (the case name is the default).

3. Choose your monitoring option by clicking the radio button for:
   - Any Change
   - New Negative Analysis
   - Custom Settings (and click the link to indicate your preferences)

4. Select update frequency …
   - Monthly (choose date)
   - Every other week (choose day of week)
   - Weekly (choose day of week)
   - Every business day
… and set a date to end your updates.

5. Choose a delivery option by clicking the **Online Only** or **E-mail** radio button (click the **E-mail Options** link to indicate your preferences).

6. Click the **Continue** button, review your selections, and click the **Save** button to confirm.

---

**Continuous Alerts**

Be the first to know the most recent news on clients and other hot topics. LexisNexis® Continuous Alerts powered by Factiva® delivers convenient, continuously updated news to your e-mail from the Factiva collection of more than 10,000 authoritative sources, including the exclusive combination of The Wall Street Journal®, Dow Jones® and Reuters® newswires, and the Associated Press®, as well as hundreds of other influential newspapers and periodicals, 120 continuously updating wire services, and more. Only Factiva content is available in this application.

This gateway application may have fees that are outside of your general LexisNexis subscription.

**New Docket Alerts and Track Existing Docket Alerts**

Get regular updates on court filing activity. Contact your administrator to learn whether this is part of your subscription.

**View Your Research History**

It’s easy to rerun a search from a previous session or resume interrupted research. Click the **History** icon in the top-right section of the screen.

The **Recent Results** tab on the History screen will show you your searches and results from the last 24 hours. You can:

- Sort results by date or client ID by clicking the column heading
- View the original results of a search (or Get a Document or Shepard’s request), at no additional charge, by clicking on the appropriate link in the **View Original Results** column
- Rerun a search, either as is or modified, by clicking the **Re-run/Edit** link

**Tip:**
You can rerun a search within 24 hours at no additional charge, even if it was one you performed using a source that’s outside your subscription plan.

---

You can find a list of all your stored Shepard’s Alert searches by clicking the **Alerts** icon and then the **Shepard’s Alert** tab. From here, you can:

- Edit a saved search
- Delete a saved search
- Pause a saved search
- Review current and previous search results
The Archived Activity tab on the History screen will show you your search activity (without results) from an additional 29 days. You can:

- Sort results by date or client ID by clicking the column heading
- Rerun a search, either as is or modified, by clicking the Re-run/Edit link

**Tip:**
If you rerun an archived search—one that’s more than 24 hours old but less than 30 days old—that you performed within a source that’s outside your subscription plan, you will incur the applicable additional charge.

## Delivering Your Search Results

The following options display in the upper-right corner of each document in your results set:

### Printing Your Documents

**Print**
1. Once you’ve reviewed your results, click the **Print** icon on any search results page.
2. Choose your options from the **Print Documents** pop-up—documents to print (all or selected), document display format (the default is the display you were viewing), dual-column print, use of bold, italics, and underlining; choice of font; page breaks; and more.
3. Click the **Print** button.

**FAST Print**
Eliminate steps in the printing process by using this shortcut.

One-time FAST Print setup:
1. Once you’ve reviewed your results, click the **FAST Print** icon on any search results page.
2. Select a LexisNexis dedicated printer or a format for your attached printer as the default.
3. Click the **Set** button.

Using FAST Print after initial setup:
1. In Cite view, click the **FAST Print** button and select whether to print the current page or the entire list.
2. In KWIC, Full, or Custom view, click the **FAST Print** button to print the current document immediately.

Any print options—such as dual-column printing; use of bold, italics, and underlining; font; or page breaks—that you selected previously on the **Print Documents** screen will be the default options for FAST Print.

### Downloading Your Documents

1. Once you’ve reviewed your results, click the **Download** icon on any search results page.
2. Choose your options from the **Download Documents** pop-up—documents to download (all or selected), file format; document display format (the default is the display you were viewing); use of bold, italics, and underlining; choice of font; page breaks; and more.
3. Click the **Download** button.

### E-Mailing Your Documents

1. Once you’ve reviewed your results, click the **E-mail** icon on any search results page.
2. Choose your options from the **E-mail Documents** pop-up—e-mail address (you can send to three addresses), subject line, and brief note; documents to e-mail (all or selected); document display format (the default is the display you were viewing); use of bold, italics, and underlining; choice of font; page breaks; and more.
3. Click the **Send** button.

### Faxing Your Documents

1. Once you’ve reviewed your results, click the **Fax** icon on any search results page.
2. Choose your options from the **Fax Documents** pop-up—"to" and "from" information, fax number, and brief note; documents to e-mail (all or selected); document display format (the default is the display you were viewing); use of bold, italics, and underlining; choice of font; page breaks; and more.
3. Click the **Fax** button.